

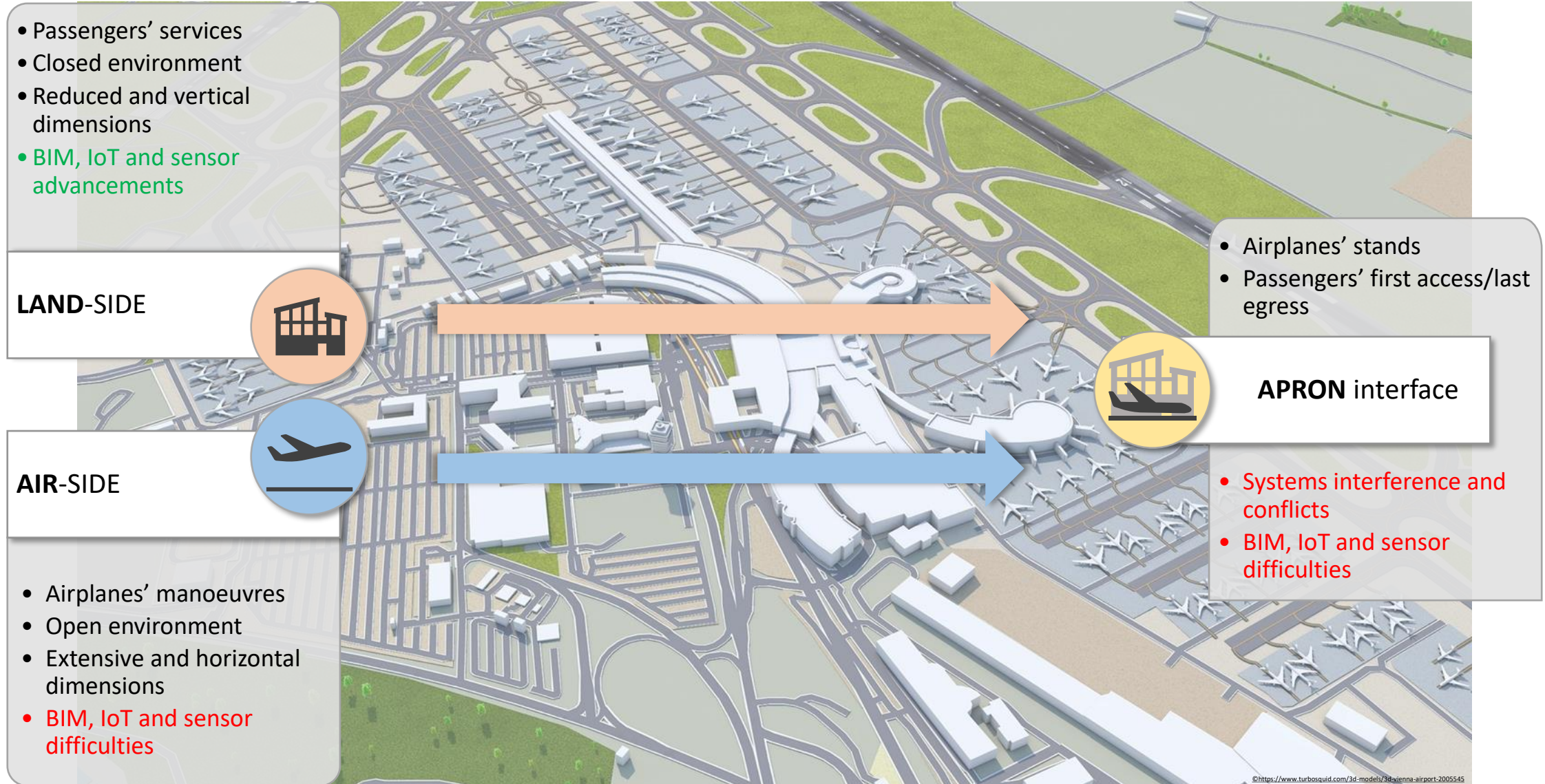
VERSO UN MODELLO INTEGRATO DI DIGITALIZZAZIONE PER IL PAVEMENT MANAGEMENT DEGLI APRON

Ing. Luca Bianchini Ciampoli




Piacenza, 19 aprile 2024

■ FRAMEWORK



FRAMEWORK


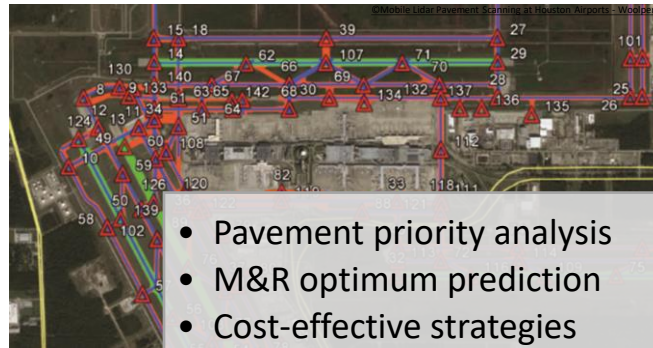


- Thickness of pavement's layers
- 3Dimensional superstructure configuration

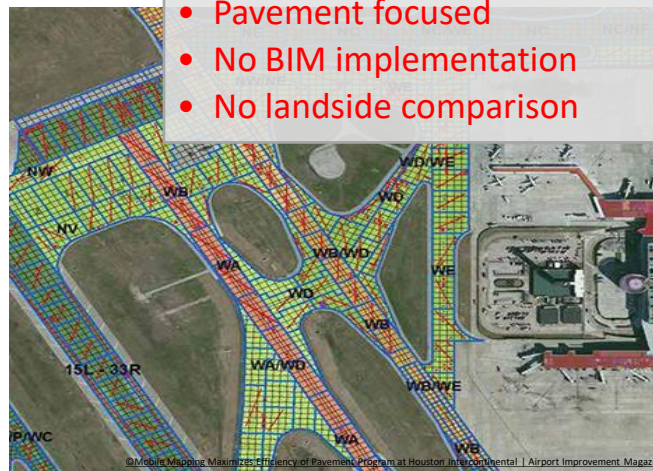

Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR)

- Elastic modulus of pavement's layers
- Global pavement elastic response

Heavy Weight Deflectometer (HWD)

Airport Pavement Management System (APMS)





- Record of past inspections
 - Track of annual traffic
 - Topographic surveys

Informative data

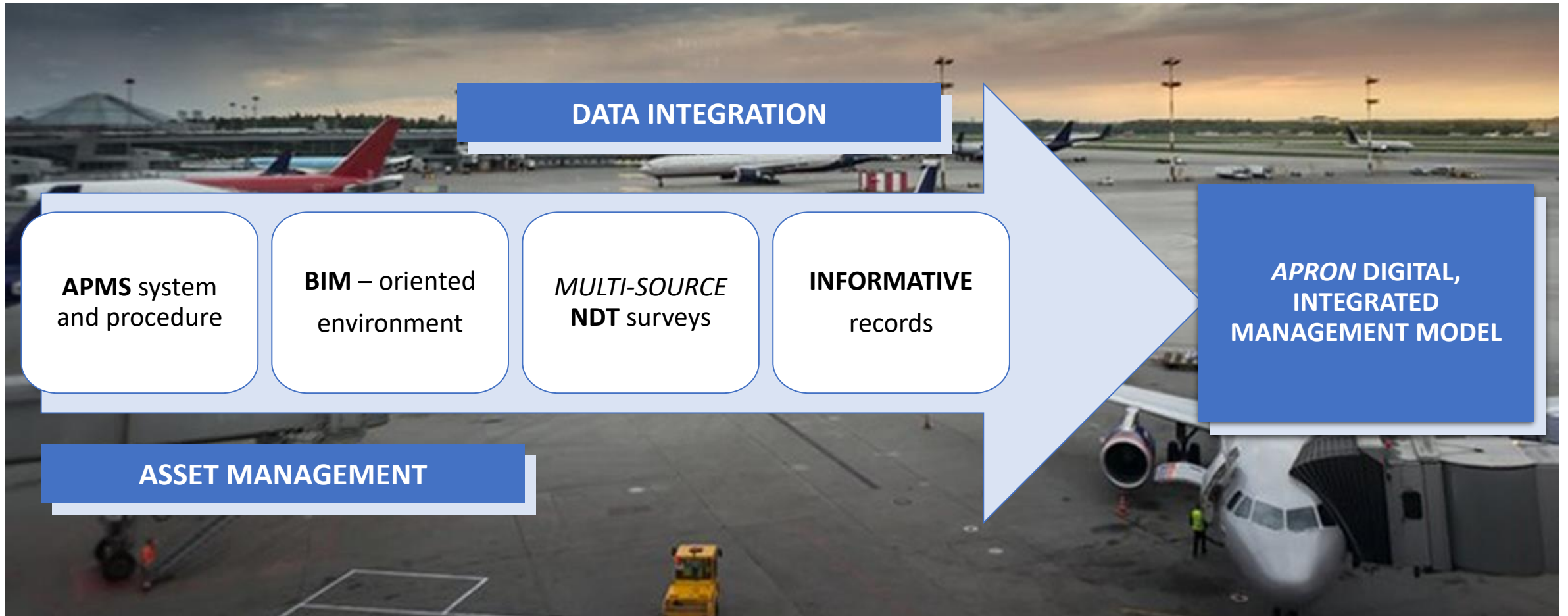
Pavement Condition Index (PCI)

- Visual report of a sample unit's condition
- Detection of superficial pavement distresses



■ OBJECTIVES

Therefore, the need to promote a ***digitalization and sustainable transition of the airside – landside interface (apron)*** of the airport infrastructure.



METHODOLOGY: DATASET ARCHITECTURE

Development of a **unique database**, structured to *integrate datasets of qualitative inspections and quantitative surveys* by:

- **Spatial clustering**, hierarchical subdivision of the monitored asset;
- **Chronological clustering**, subdivision per survey date and tipology.

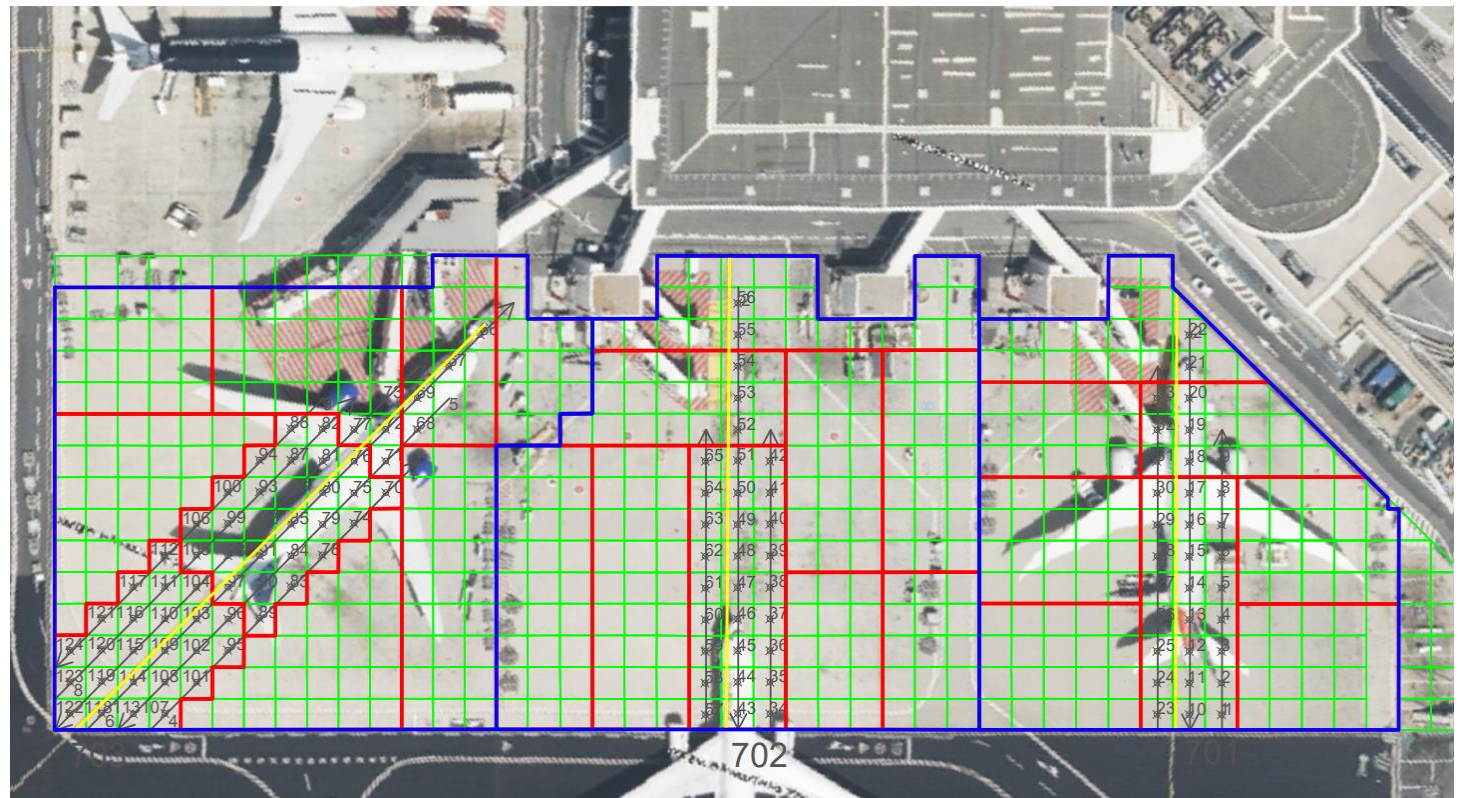
Network (Airport)

Branch (Apron, Runway, Taxiway, ...)

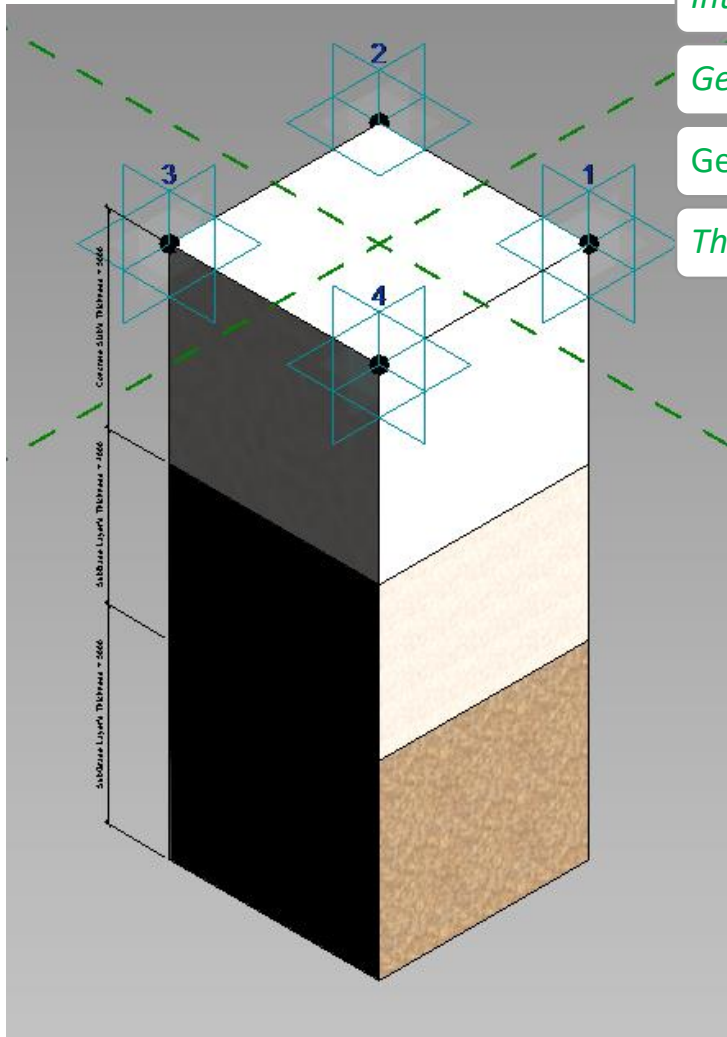
Section (Stand701, Stand702, Stand703 ...)

Sample Unit (701_01, 701_02, 701_03 ...)

Elementary Unit (701_01_01, 701_01_02, ...)



■ METHODOLOGY: PARAMETRIC SUPERSTRUCTURAL UNIT



Interoperable digital architecture;



Geolocalization implemented;



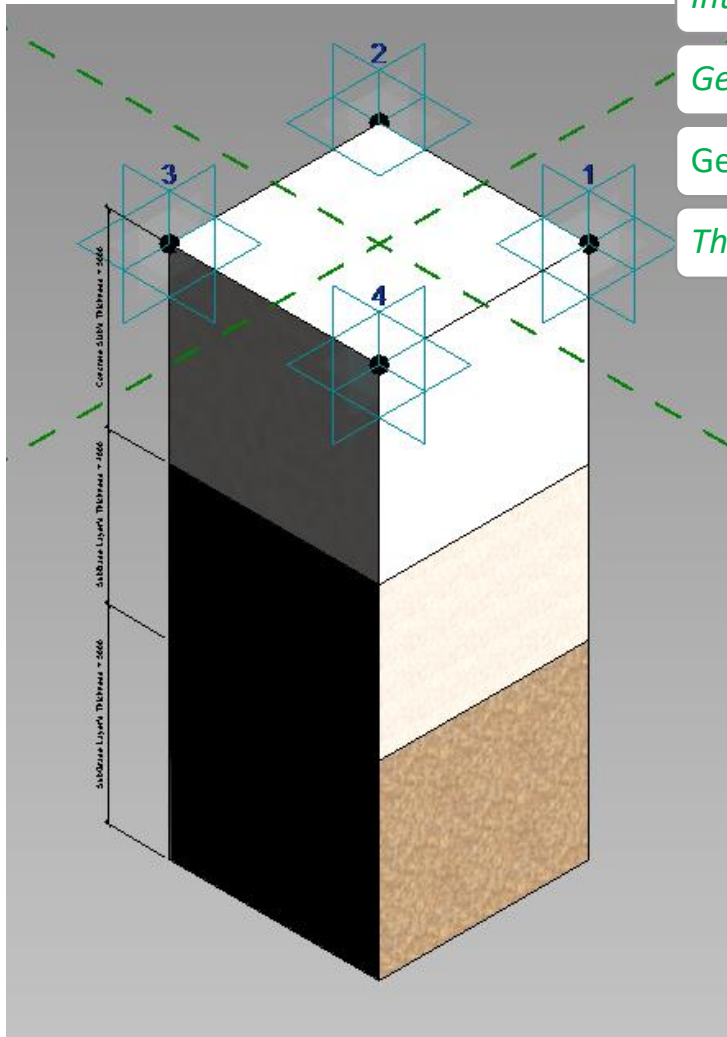
Generic *parametric and adaptive* model of the geometrical – informative properties;



Threedimensional parametric *constraints*.



METHODOLOGY: DATA-INTEGRATION PARAMETRIC ASSIGNMENT



Interoperable digital architecture;



Geolocalization implemented;



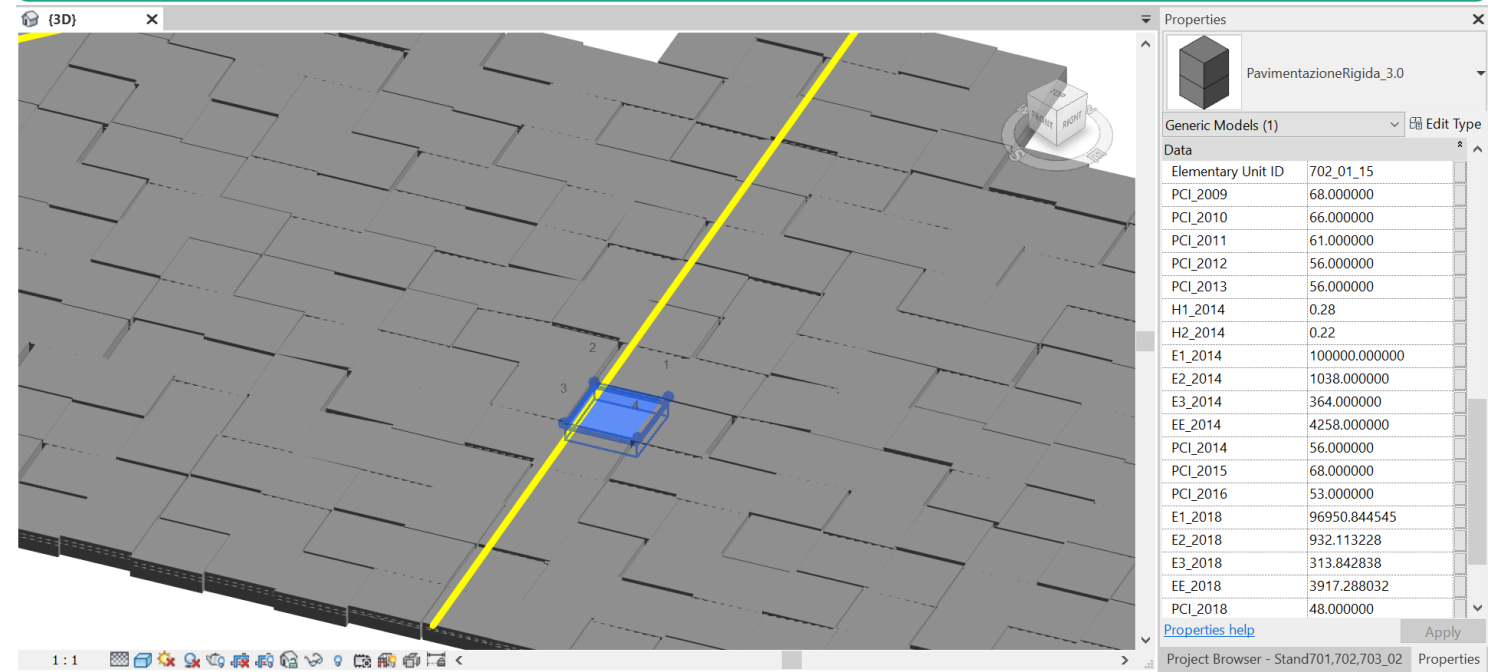
Generic *parametric and adaptive* model of the geometrical – informative properties;



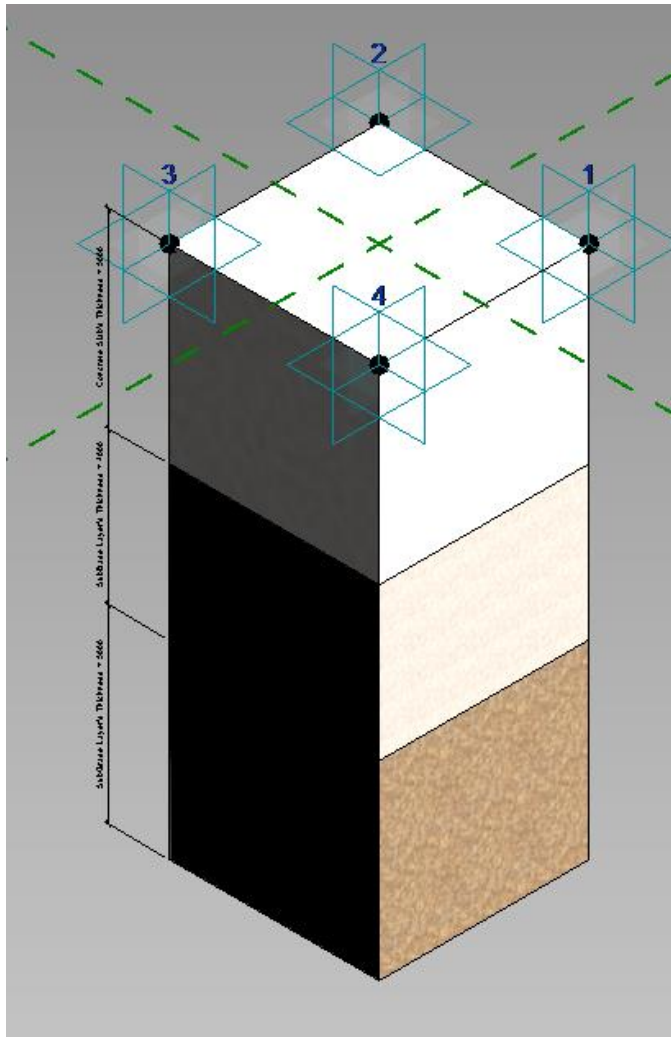
Threedimensional parametric *constraints*;



Automated creation and assignment of every elementary unit



METHODOLOGY: ASSET REPORT ANALYSIS



Interoperable digital architecture;



Geolocalization implemented;



Generic *parametric and adaptive* model of the geometrical – informative properties;



Threedimensional parametric *constraints*;



Conjoint Analysis of integrated mechanical and geometrical properties

Automated creation and assignment of every elementary unit



Properties

PavimentazioneRigida_3_0

Generic Models (1) Edit Type

Data	Elementary Un...
PCI_2009	68.000000
PCI_2010	66.000000
PCI_2011	61.000000
PCI_2012	56.000000
PCI_2013	56.000000
H1_2014	0.28
H2_2014	0.22
E1_2014	100000.000000
E2_2014	1038.000000
E3_2014	364.000000
EE_2014	4258.000000
PCI_2014	56.000000
PCI_2015	68.000000
PCI_2016	53.000000
E1_2018	96950.844545
E2_2018	932.113228
E3_2018	313.842838
EE_2018	3917.288032
PCI_2018	48.000000

Properties help Apply

20.000 Frame 50.000 Slab's stiffness (E1 [MPa])

0 Fill 100 Pavement Condition Index (PCI)

Dynamo Player

FamigliaPavimentazioneRigida_AnalisiRestituzion

Inputs

01.0 | Calculate ΔE over time? False True

01.1 | First Layer's ID from HWD inspection E

01.1 | First Layer's Year of HWD inspection 2018

01.2 | Second Layer's ID from HWD inspection E

01.2 | Second Layer's Year of HWD inspection 2014

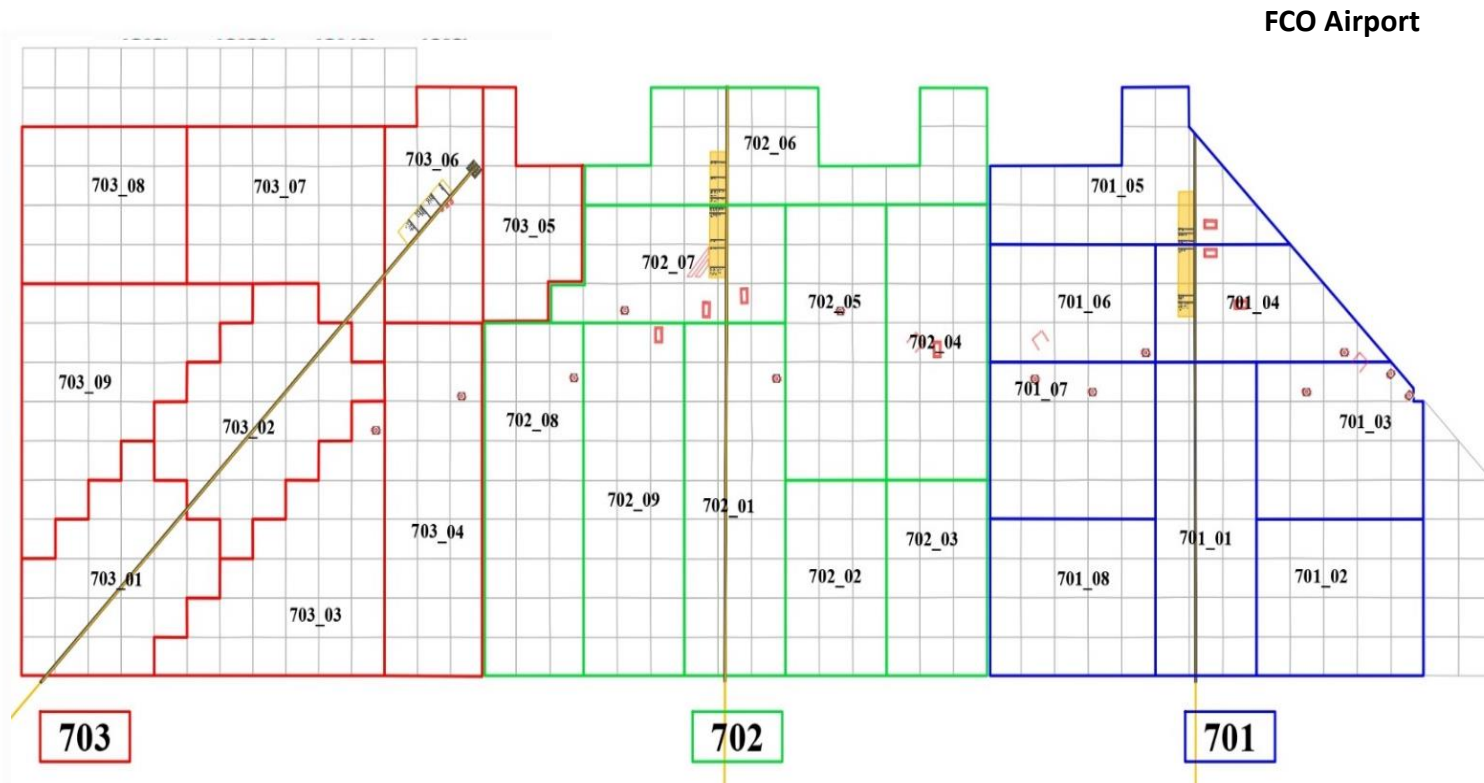
02.0 | Calculate ΔPCI over time? False True

02.1 | First Year of PCI inspection 2018

Ready to run

APPLICATION: CASE STUDY

The digitalization and BIM management of apron rigid pavement procedure is based on the case study of apron 700, in particular stands 701, 702 e 703 Leonardo Da Vinci Airport, Fiumicino, Rome, Italy.

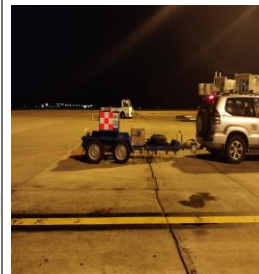
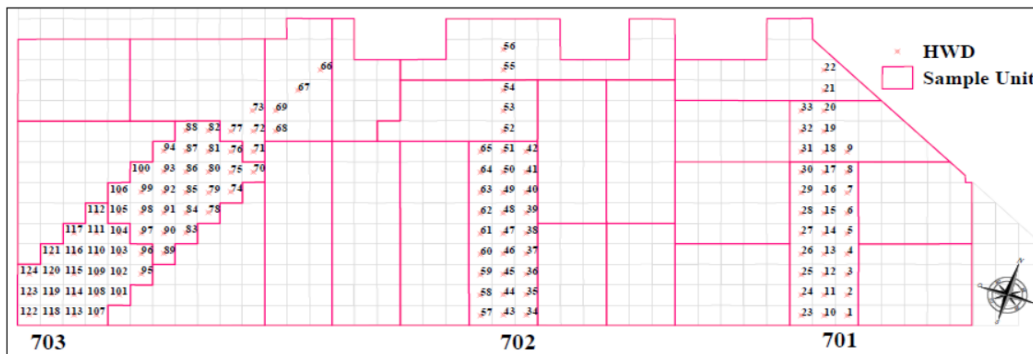
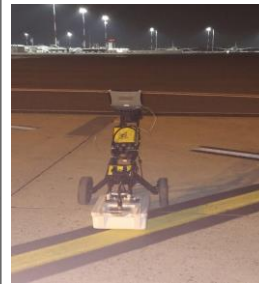
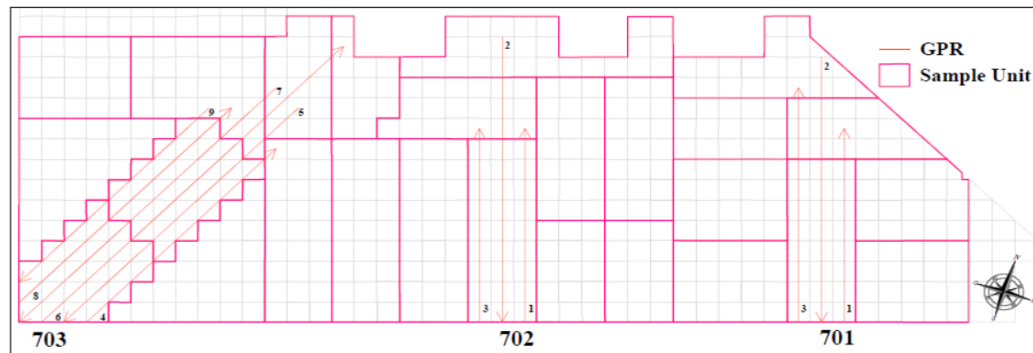


APPLICATION: CASE STUDY

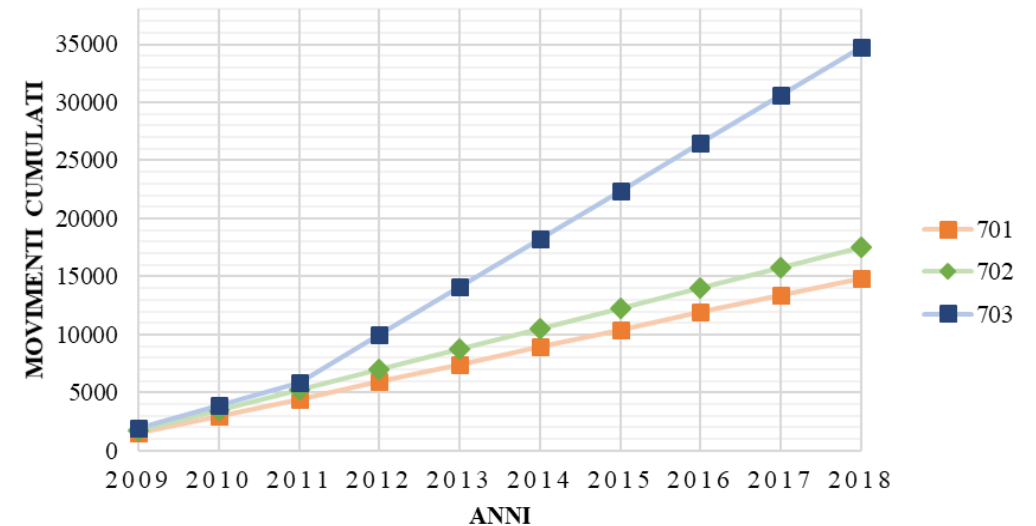
Tutti e tre gli stalli di sosta si prestano come *caso pilota per il test* di gestione digitale, avendo condiviso dal 2009 al 2019:

- assenza di interventi di manutenzione straordinaria;
- assenza di modifiche della geometria dei piazzali e della segnaletica;
- spazio omogeneo e comune data la prossimità fisica dei tre stand;
- dati da ispezioni visive e indagini strutturali condotte su analoghi percorsi di ingresso/uscita aeromobili.

Tuttavia, le funzioni e le prestazioni erogate da questi stalli differiscono nel tempo per condizioni di esercizio, ovvero traffico di aeromobili e quindi classi di carico consentite nel tempo.



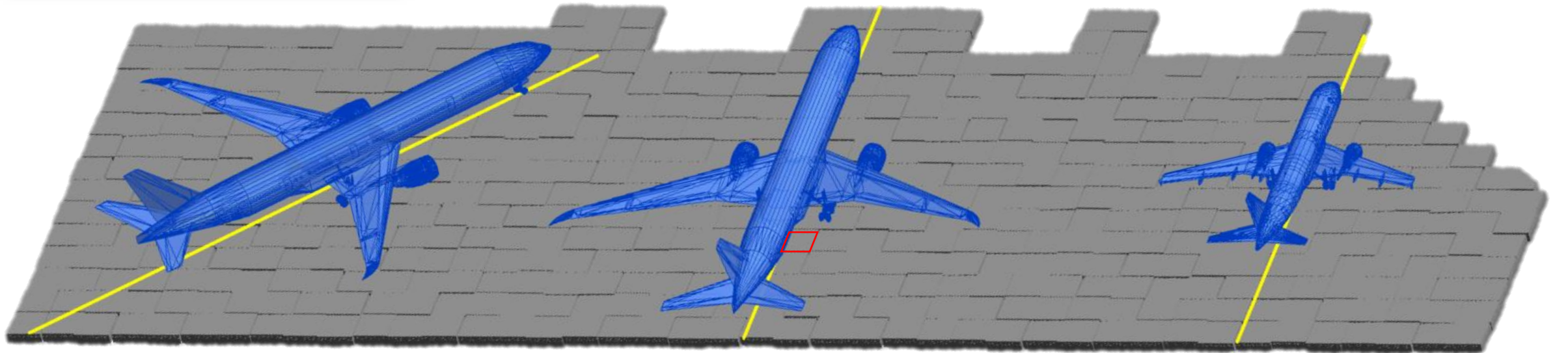
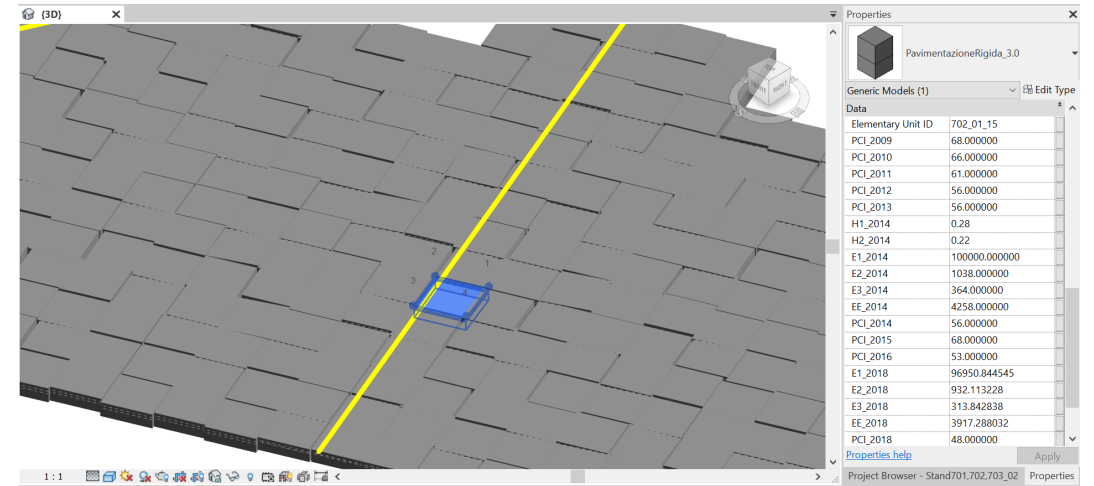
TRAFFICO EQUIVALENTE CUMULATO



APPLICATION: CASE STUDY



DIGITALIZATION OF APRON 700

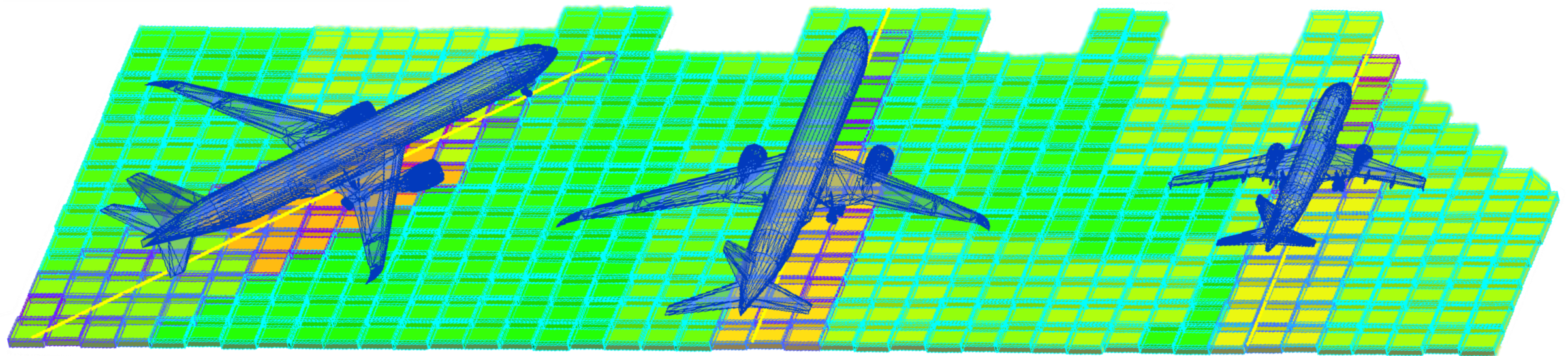
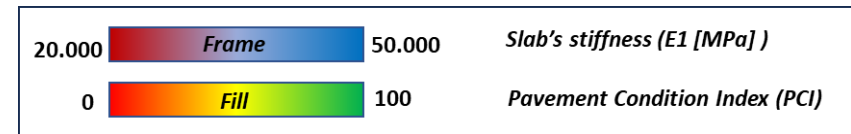


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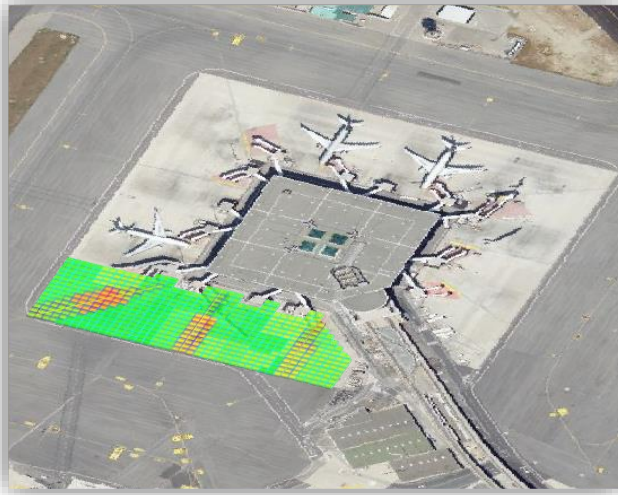
APPLICATION: CASE STUDY



Surface condition (PCI) vs Mechanical properties (E)



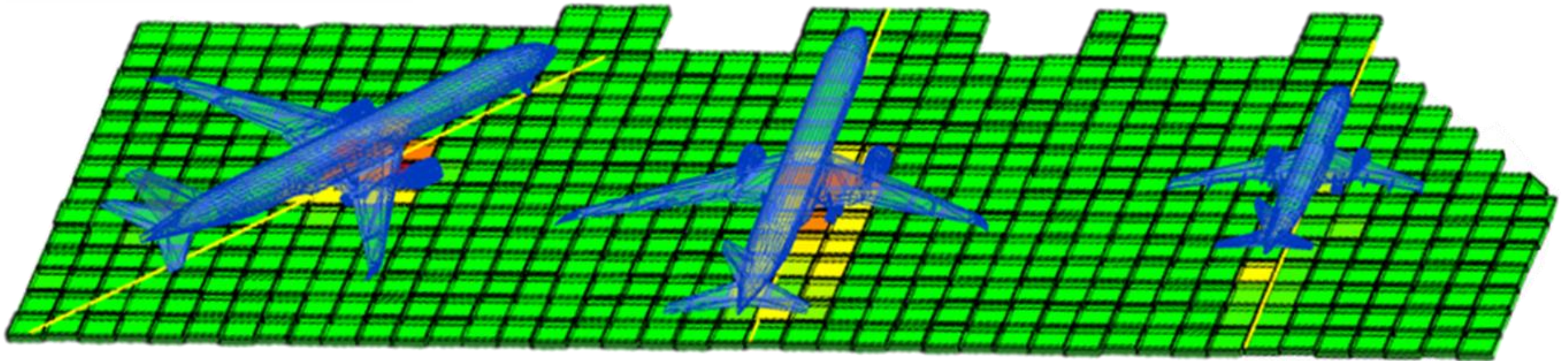
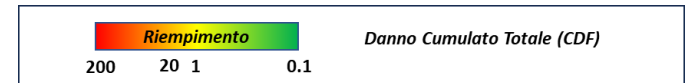
APPLICATION: CASE STUDY



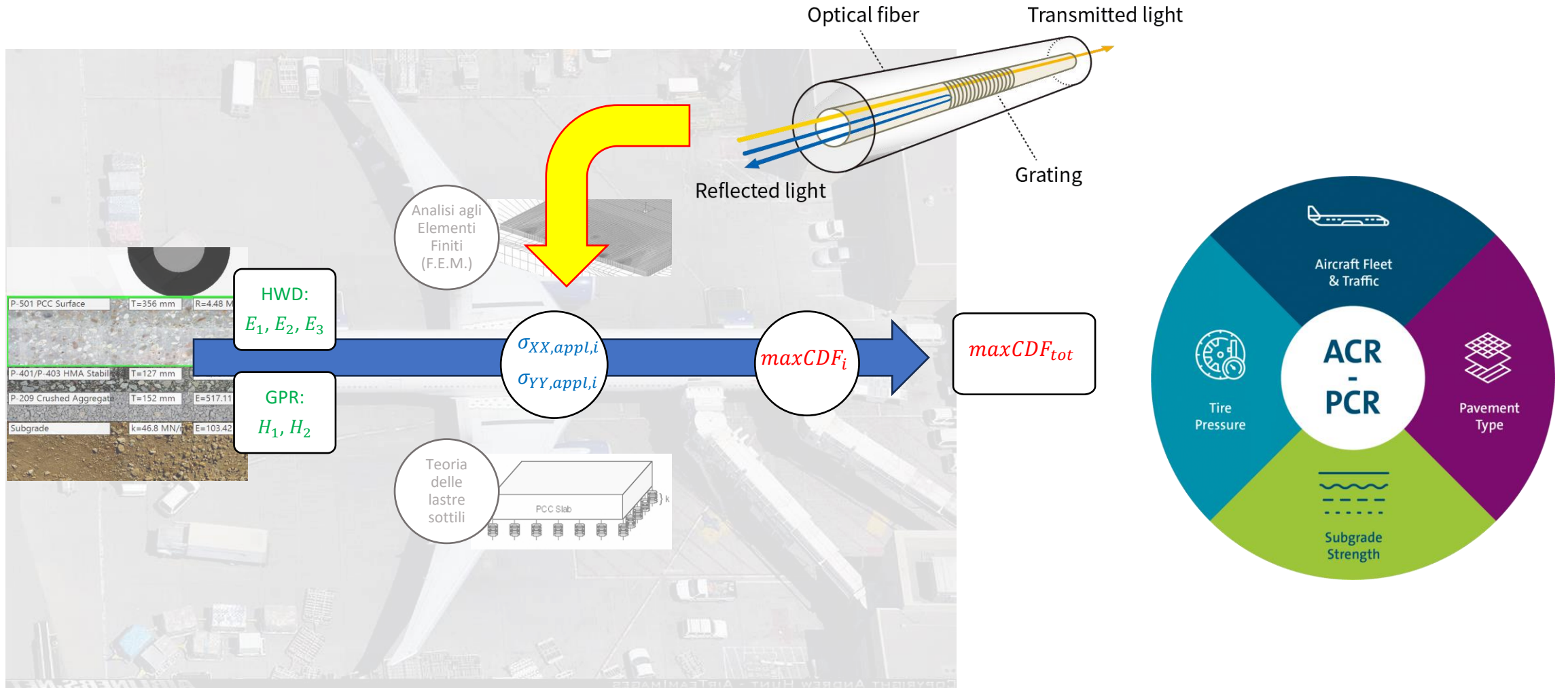
FROM THEORETICAL STRAIN-STRESS ASSESSMENT TO THE HEALTH CONDITION ANALYSIS

$$N_{cop.rott.,i} = 10^{\left\{ \frac{R_m}{\sigma_i \alpha_i \beta_i \gamma_i} - \left[\frac{(1-SCI/100)(ad-bc) + F'_s bc}{(1-SCI/100)(d-b) + F'_s b} \right] \right\} / \left[\frac{F'_s bd}{(1-SCI/100)(d-b) + F'_s b} \right]} \implies D_{e,i} = 1/N_{cop.rott.,i}$$

$$CDF_i(x) = \frac{N_{pass. appl.,i} * 20 \text{ anni}}{P/C_i} * \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{dD_{e,i}(x)}{dx} dx \implies \max CDF_i = \frac{N_{pass. appl.,i} * 20 \text{ anni}}{P/C_i} * D_{e,i}$$



■ FUTURE TRENDS





GRAZIE